פרשת משפטים

כי יגנוב איש שור או שה וכו' שנים ישלם [כו,לג]

The Brisker Rav, Rav Yitzchok Zev Soloveichik זע"ל, explains that there is a basic difference between a אניב A. גילן in his concern of being seen and discovered by people will do a lot of planning and prepare a strategy to avoid detection. A גילן on the other hand doesn't doesn't need to plan a strategy because it makes no difference to him if people notice him or not. This is why the Torah is more critical and stringent with the גילן A. גילן A. גילן when he goes to steal doesn't think much about what he is doing. Such a person there is no wonder why he didn't think about Hashem. However, someone who has taken the time to think and strategize how to avoid people should have taken the time to think and reflect about Hashem as well. For this the Torah considers what he did as a greater גבירה and gave him a greater punishment.

We see from the Torah's reaction to a געב that the Torah factors in more than just the action that is done. The more a person is capable of having יראת שמים, the more he is held accountable. There may be times that we will make plans to do something that perhaps is not so befitting a Torah Jew. As thinking Jews, the Torah will hold us more responsible for not having Hashem in mind and behaving accordingly. May we be אוכה to constantly have שמים in our minds.

Have a good Shabbos.

Rabbi Yitzchok Davis

Kollel Merkaz Hatorah, Beverly Hills, CA

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